

Steroid Injections

Information for patients

The information in this leaflet is intended solely as a guide. If you have questions about any aspect of your care or this booklet, please ask a health professional.

What is a Steroid Injection?

Steroid injections are a treatment for some soft tissue and joint disorders. They are used to help relieve your pain. This may help you to get on with the rest of your treatment sooner.

The injection may contain a corticosteroid, a local anaesthetic, sodium chloride, or a mixture of these.

- Corticosteroids are fat hormones that help to reduce swelling
- Sodium Chloride is mixed with water to make a sterile solution to increase the volume of the injection (also known as saline)
- Local anaesthetic can be used to numb the part of your body causing the problem and help to diagnose your problem.

How many injections will I need?

If your symptoms persist, you may be offered another injection. You can have up to a maximum of three injections per area in one year. If the injection does not work, other treatment options will be discussed with you.

Do I continue with my pain medication?

You can continue taking your pain medication as advised by your GP or pharmacist.

You cannot have a steroid injection when you:

- Have an infection
- Are on antibiotics
- Are allergic to local anaesthetic or steroids
- Feel unwell
- Are pregnant or breastfeeding
- Are under 18 years old
- Have had a live vaccination in the 3 weeks before your injection (a flu vaccine is not a live vaccination)
- Have had a COVID-19 vaccination in the 2 weeks before your injection or have one planned in the 2 weeks after your injection.

You should discuss with your therapist if you can have a steroid injection when you:

- Have been taking steroids or anticoagulant (blood thinning) therapy in the last six months
- Have recently had surgery in the area of the injection
- Have certain systemic medical conditions (medical conditions which affect the whole body).

Side effects of treatment

Side-effects from this kind of injection do not happen very often. Potential side effects of a steroid injection are:

- You may feel discomfort for 4 - 12 hours after the injection. This normally wears off in less than 72 hours. You can apply ice to the area to help ease the pain
- Facial flushing happens in about one in 20 people. This can happen within a few minutes of receiving the injection and can last up to two days
- There may be a dimple and skin colour change appearing at the injection site, especially when injections are given to bony areas. This can be permanent
- For women, there may be a temporary change to your normal menstrual cycle. Post menopausal bleeding can happen in some women who have an injection of a large dose of steroid
- If you have diabetes, you may have a raised blood glucose level. Levels should be monitored daily for two weeks after the injection or until your blood sugar returns to its normal level
- Steroid injections can sometimes make the soft tissue weak and, in very rare cases, steroid injections have been associated with tendon rupture (tear)
- Infection is very rare but will need immediate attention. Monitor your injection area for 48 hours after the injection. If your injection area becomes hot, red, swollen and painful, or you feel unwell, you need immediate medical attention, as it may be an infection- guidance on this is included on page 3
- Anaphylactic shock is very rare but it is a medical emergency. It happens because the body has an extreme allergic reaction to the local anaesthetic
 - Let your practitioner know if you have had a bad reaction to a local anaesthetic in the past
 - Anaphylactic shock normally happens within 30 minutes of the injection. You may therefore be asked to remain in the clinic for up to 30 minutes after your injection
 - Tell your practitioner if you feel unwell during this time so that treatment can be administered
- Steroid injections could make you more prone to catching a virus as the injection can affect your body's immune response. The exact length of time and size of this effect is unknown but could last from a few days to a few weeks
- There may be an increased risk of worsening symptoms of the virus if you have a steroid injection whilst being asymptomatic (not showing symptoms) but carrying COVID -19. It is therefore important to adhere to regular public health advice (e.g. hand hygiene and social distancing) prior to having your injection. In some cases you might choose to socially isolate.

What to do after my injection

- Steroid injections can sometimes make the soft tissue weak, so you must take care for two to three weeks after the injection. Very rarely steroid injections have been associated with tendon rupture (tear). It is important to follow the advice given by the physiotherapist regarding your rehabilitation and exercise following steroid injections
- Rest the injected area for at least 48 hours. Relative rest is advised for seven days to gain the best effect from the injection unless directed otherwise by your therapist
- The injection will continue working for three to six weeks, so you may not get instant benefits

Adhere to regular public health advice (e.g. regarding hand hygiene and social distancing) to reduce the risk of catching COVID-19 or any other infections and also to prevent the spread of these infections to others that you socialise or work with. Depending on your particular circumstances you may even choose to self-isolate for a while

- Check your injection site from time to time for signs of an infection. If the injection site appears **red, hot, swollen and painful**, or you **feel unwell**, either:
 - Make an emergency appointment with your GP
 - Contact NHS 24 on 111
 - Attend your nearest Accident & Emergency.

Any more questions?

If you have any further questions then please ask your physiotherapist and they will be happy to explain.

For physiotherapist use only

Specific advice following injection given by your physiotherapist

Site injected _____

Steroid: _____

Dose: _____

Local Anaesthetic/Sodium Chloride: _____

Dose: _____